

Demography factsheet:

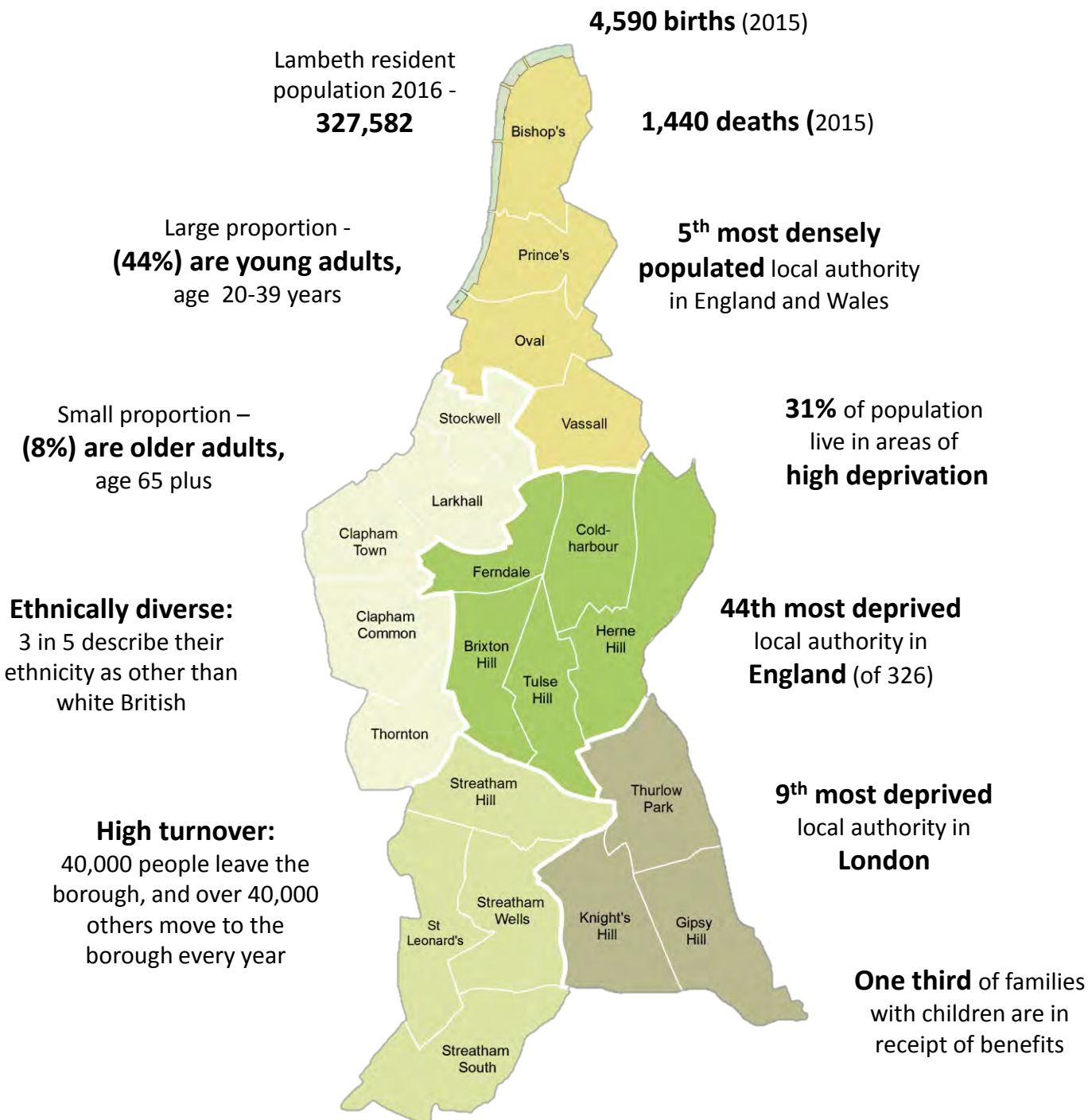
Lambeth: - "a diverse and changing population"



May 2017

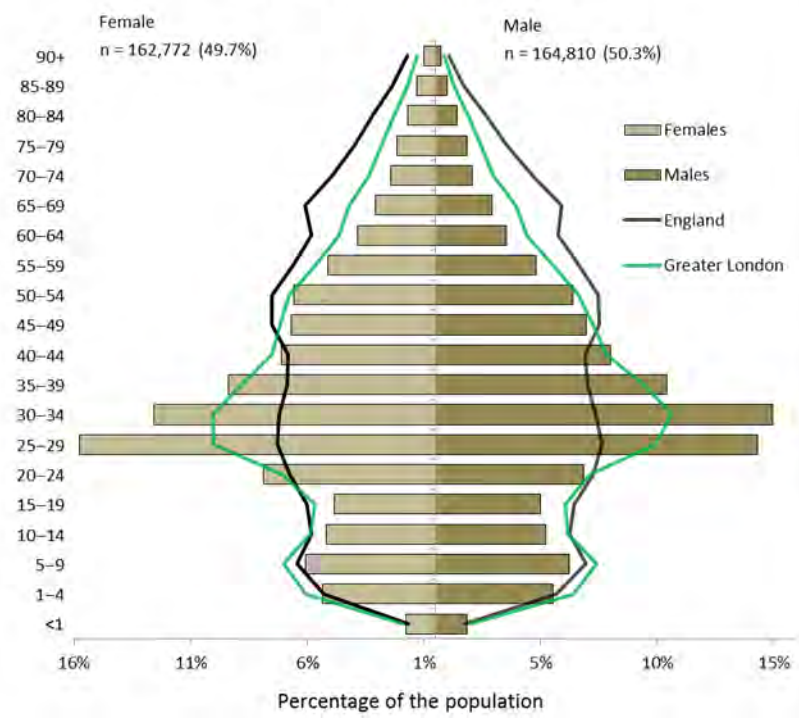
Lambeth

Key facts: This profile provides a snapshot of the population of Lambeth



Population structure by age and sex

2016, male / female population pyramid, Lambeth Vs Greater London & England



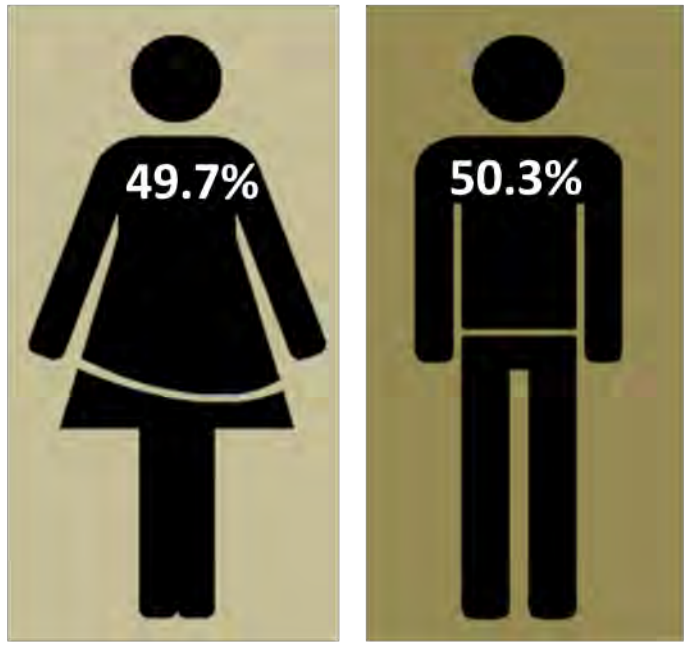
4,590

Live births per year
HSCIC, 2015

1,440

Deaths per year
HSCIC, 2015

2016, Gender split, Lambeth



Lambeth resident population **327,600**, evenly split between men and women

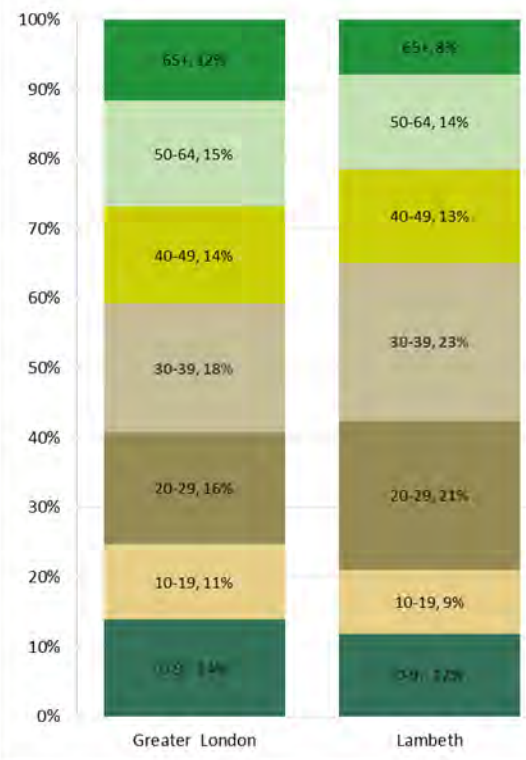
Smaller older population aged 65 or older, **8%**, compared with **12%** in London and **18%** in England.

Smaller population aged 50 to 64 years old, **14%**, compared with **15%** in London and **18%** in England.

Large proportion of young adults, **44%**, aged 20 to 39 years old compared with **35%** in London and **27%** in England.

More males than females in the 30-34 year age band; but more females than males in the 25-29 year age band.

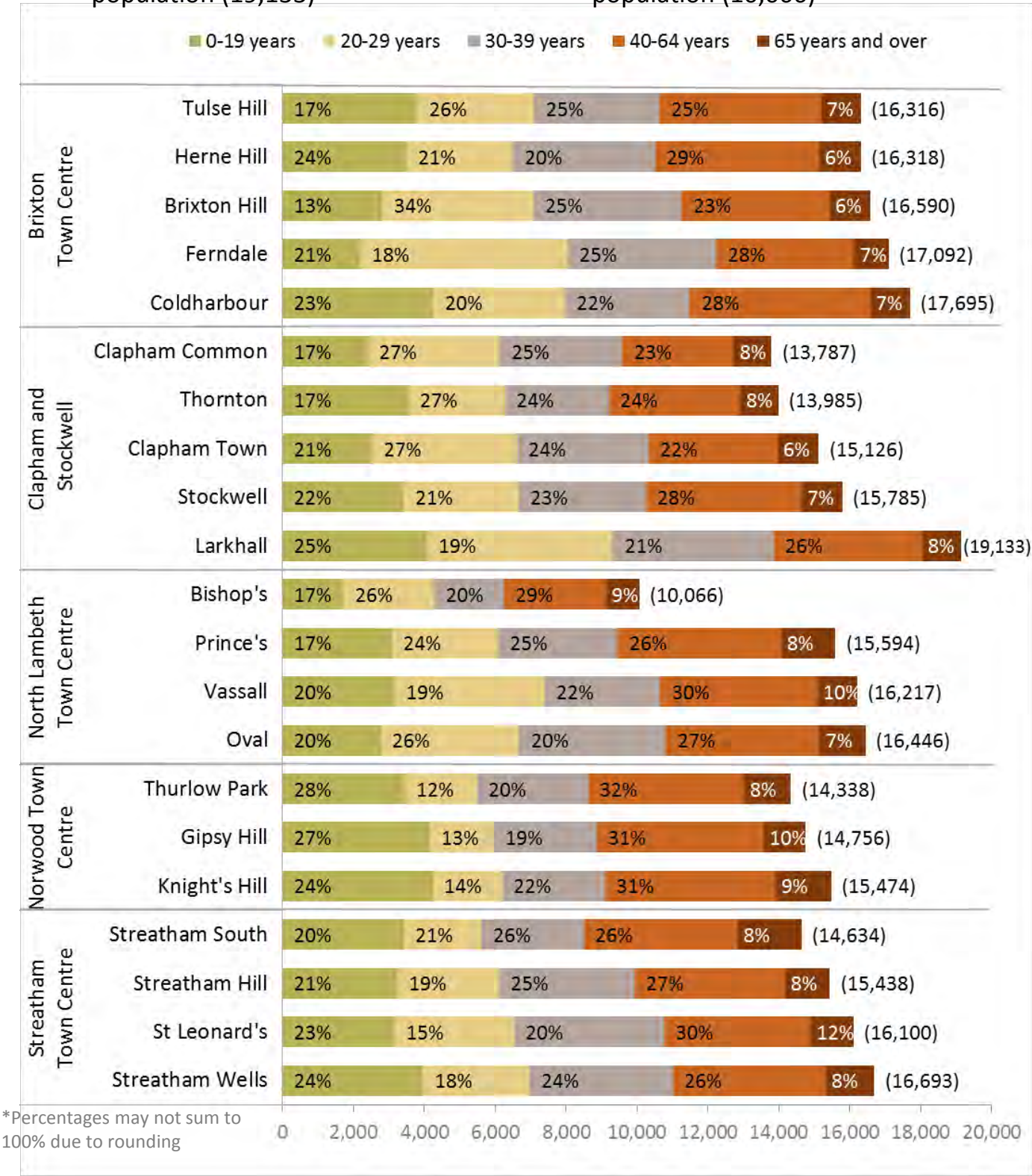
2016, population age structure, Lambeth & Greater London



Source: GLA, 2015 based housing-led pop. projections, Feb '17 release (Lambeth & Gr.London); ONS 2014 based SNPP (England)

Population structure by ward

- Larkhall has the greatest ward population (19,133)
- Bishop's has the lowest ward population (10,066)



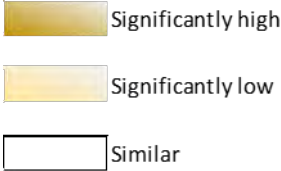
Source: GLA, 2015 based housing-led pop. projections, Feb '17 release (Lambeth & Gr.London); ONS 2014 based SNPP (England)

Population Structure by ward

2016 Ward population structure – counts and proportions

The table shows the count of individuals within each age band for every Lambeth ward. Alongside this, the table also shows what proportion of the whole population of the ward are in this age band.

Proportion compared to Lambeth average:



Highlighted squares within the table are intended to show those wards where the proportion of persons in the age group is significantly high (or low) when comparing it to the average proportion in that age group for Lambeth.

E.g. all three wards of Norwood town centre have a significantly high proportion of the population in both the 0-19 year age group, and also the 40-64 year age group, but a significantly low proportion of 20-39 year olds.

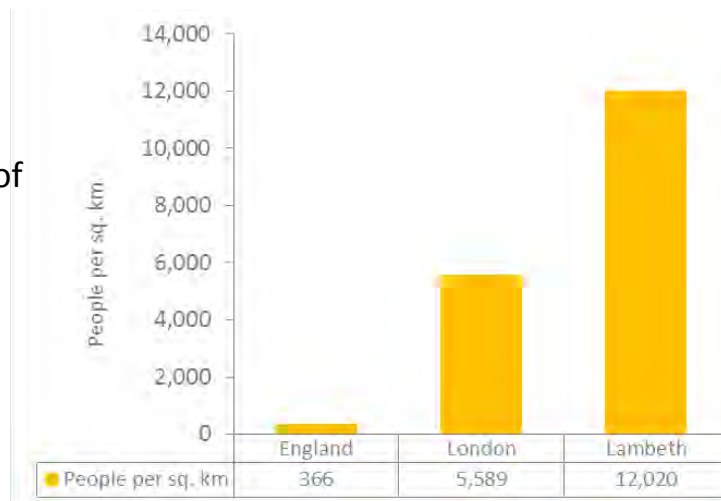
Source: GLA, 2015 based housing-led pop. projections

Locality	Ward name	0-19 years Count (%)	20-29 years Count (%)	30-39 years Count (%)
Brixton Town Centre	Brixton Hill	2,814 (17%)	4,265 (26%)	4,174 (25%)
	Coldharbour	4,251 (24%)	3,721 (21%)	3,523 (20%)
	Ferndale	2,197 (13%)	5,854 (34%)	4,188 (25%)
	Herne Hill	3,493 (21%)	3,007 (18%)	4,008 (25%)
	Tulse Hill	3,809 (23%)	3,291 (20%)	3,529 (22%)
Clapham and Stockwell	Clapham Common	2,402 (17%)	3,730 (27%)	3,452 (25%)
	Clapham Town	2,527 (17%)	4,095 (27%)	3,699 (24%)
	Larkhall	4,076 (21%)	5,247 (27%)	4,533 (24%)
	Stockwell	3,419 (22%)	3,251 (21%)	3,575 (23%)
	Thornton	3,554 (25%)	2,716 (19%)	2,933 (21%)
North Lambeth Town Centre	Bishop's	1,717 (17%)	2,570 (26%)	1,965 (20%)
	Oval	2,770 (17%)	3,908 (24%)	4,131 (25%)
	Prince's	3,087 (20%)	2,993 (19%)	3,369 (22%)
	Vassall	3,167 (20%)	4,236 (26%)	3,249 (20%)
Norwood Town Centre	Gipsy Hill	4,164 (28%)	1,785 (12%)	2,921 (20%)
	Knight's Hill	4,246 (27%)	1,950 (13%)	2,906 (19%)
	Thurlow Park	3,457 (24%)	2,038 (14%)	3,134 (22%)
Streatham Town Centre	St Leonard's	3,171 (20%)	3,373 (21%)	4,231 (26%)
	Streatham Hill	3,247 (21%)	2,881 (19%)	3,816 (25%)
	Streatham South	3,424 (23%)	2,191 (15%)	2,878 (20%)
	Streatham Wells	3,964 (24%)	3,006 (18%)	4,039 (24%)
Lambeth		68,956 (21%)	70,108 (21%)	74,253 (23%)

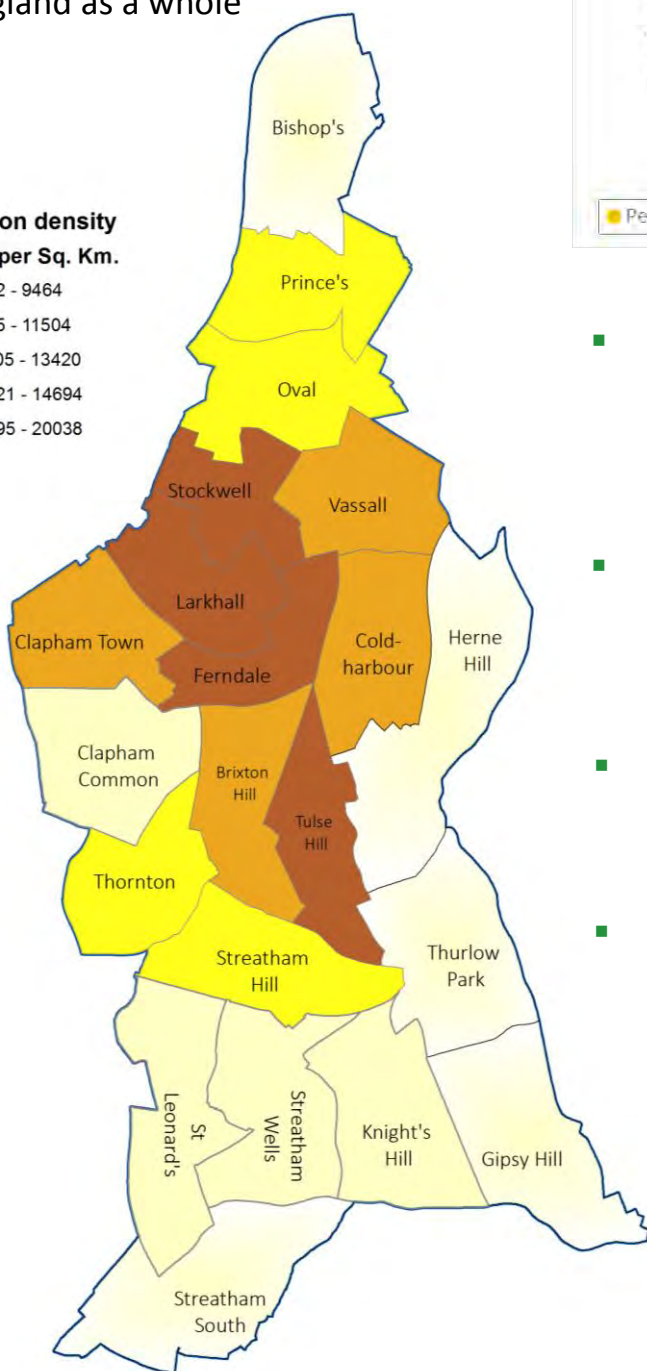
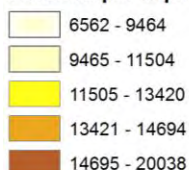
Locality	Ward name	40-64 years Count (%)	65+ years Count (%)	All ages
Brixton Town Centre	Brixton Hill	4,166 (25%)	1,171 (7%)	16,590
	Coldharbour	5,075 (29%)	1,125 (6%)	17,695
	Ferndale	3,883 (23%)	970 (6%)	17,092
	Herne Hill	4,637 (28%)	1,173 (7%)	16,318
	Tulse Hill	4,556 (28%)	1,131 (7%)	16,316
Clapham and Stockwell	Clapham Common	3,141 (23%)	1,062 (8%)	13,787
	Clapham Town	3,635 (24%)	1,170 (8%)	15,126
	Larkhall	4,191 (22%)	1,086 (6%)	19,133
	Stockwell	4,394 (28%)	1,146 (7%)	15,785
	Thornton	3,703 (26%)	1,079 (8%)	13,985
North Lambeth Town Centre	Bishop's	2,870 (29%)	944 (9%)	10,066
	Oval	4,346 (26%)	1,291 (8%)	16,446
	Prince's	4,615 (30%)	1,530 (10%)	15,594
	Vassall	4,428 (27%)	1,137 (7%)	16,217
Norwood Town Centre	Gipsy Hill	4,701 (32%)	1,185 (8%)	14,756
	Knight's Hill	4,809 (31%)	1,563 (10%)	15,474
	Thurlow Park	4,378 (31%)	1,331 (9%)	14,338
Streatham Town Centre	St Leonard's	4,113 (26%)	1,212 (8%)	16,100
	Streatham Hill	4,224 (27%)	1,270 (8%)	15,438
	Streatham South	4,348 (30%)	1,793 (12%)	14,634
	Streatham Wells	4,312 (26%)	1,372 (8%)	16,693
Lambeth		88,525 (27%)	25,741 (8%)	327,583

Population density

- Lambeth is one of the most densely populated areas in the country with an **average of 12,020 residents per square kilometre**; this compares to an average of 5,600 for London, and just 366 for England as a whole



Population density Persons per Sq. Km.



- At the time of the 2011 census, Lambeth was **the fifth most densely populated local authority** in England and Wales
- The **number of households in the borough is projected to grow from 130,000 in 2011 to 158,500 in 2030**
- Ferndale is the most densely populated ward** in Lambeth with 20,038 residents per square kilometre
- Bishop's and Herne Hill are the **least populated wards** with 6,562 and 8,030 residents per square kilometre; both have large areas of parkland

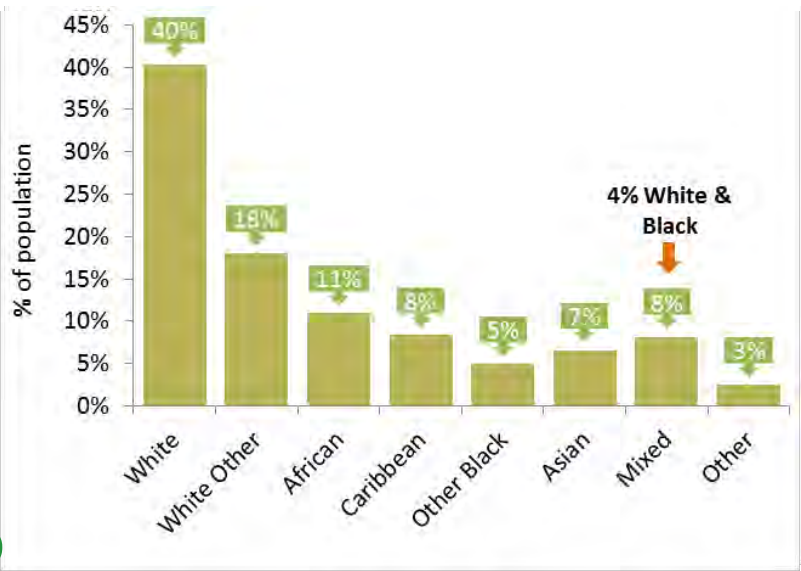
Source: GLA, 2015 based housing-led pop. projections, Feb '17 release (Lambeth & Gr.London); ONS 2014 based SNPP (England)

Copies of this, and other public health profiles are available from the Lambeth JSNA website:

www.lambeth.gov.uk

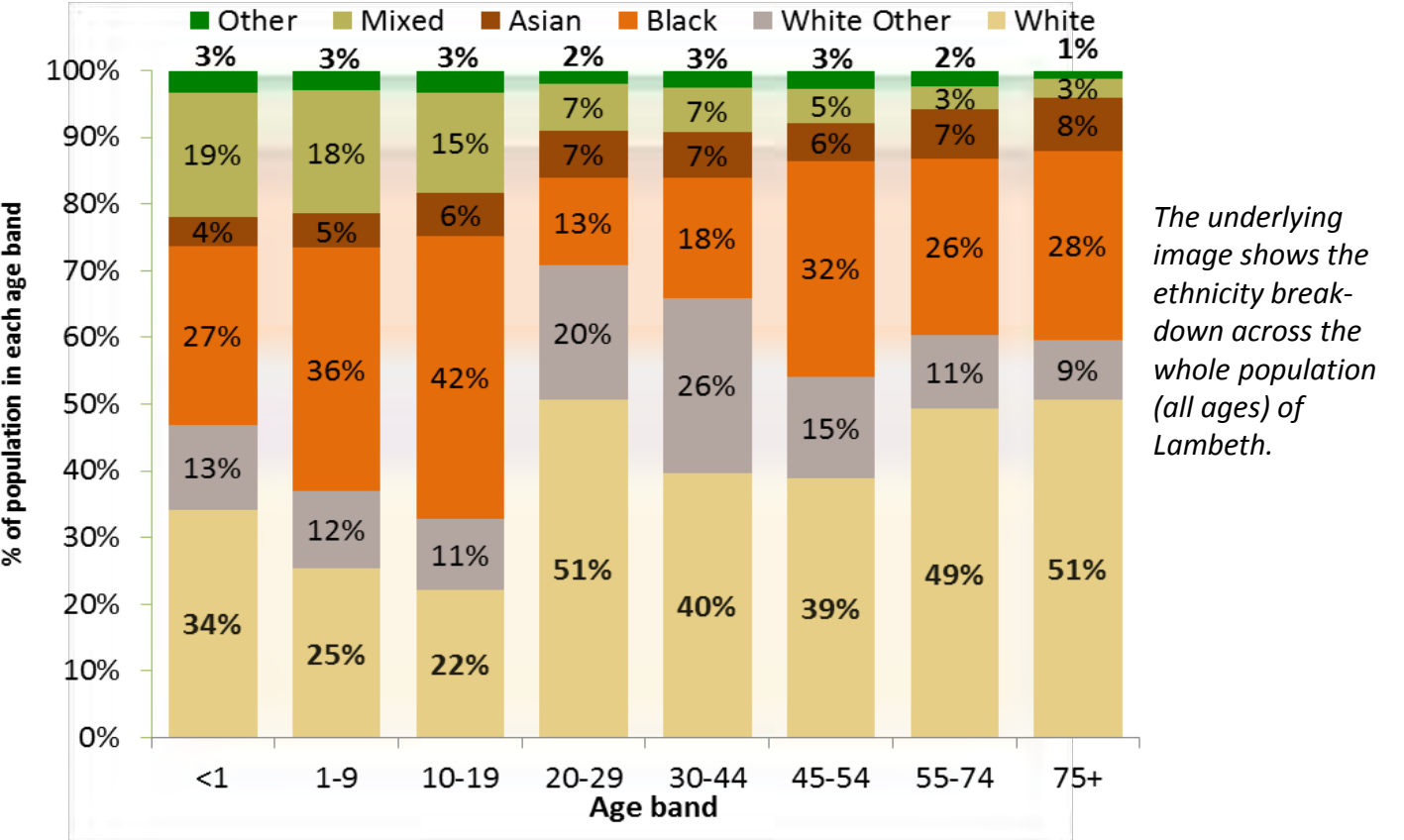
Ethnicity

- Lambeth’s population is ethnically diverse
- 60% of Lambeth’s population (3 in 5) describe their ethnicity as other than white British
- 24% are Black, almost half of these - 11%, Black African



Ethnicity by age group

- Ethnicity varies greatly across the age bands;
 - Among 10-19 year olds, nearly 80% (4 in 5), describe their ethnicity as other than white British
 - In the 20-29 year age band, this proportion has dropped to 50%

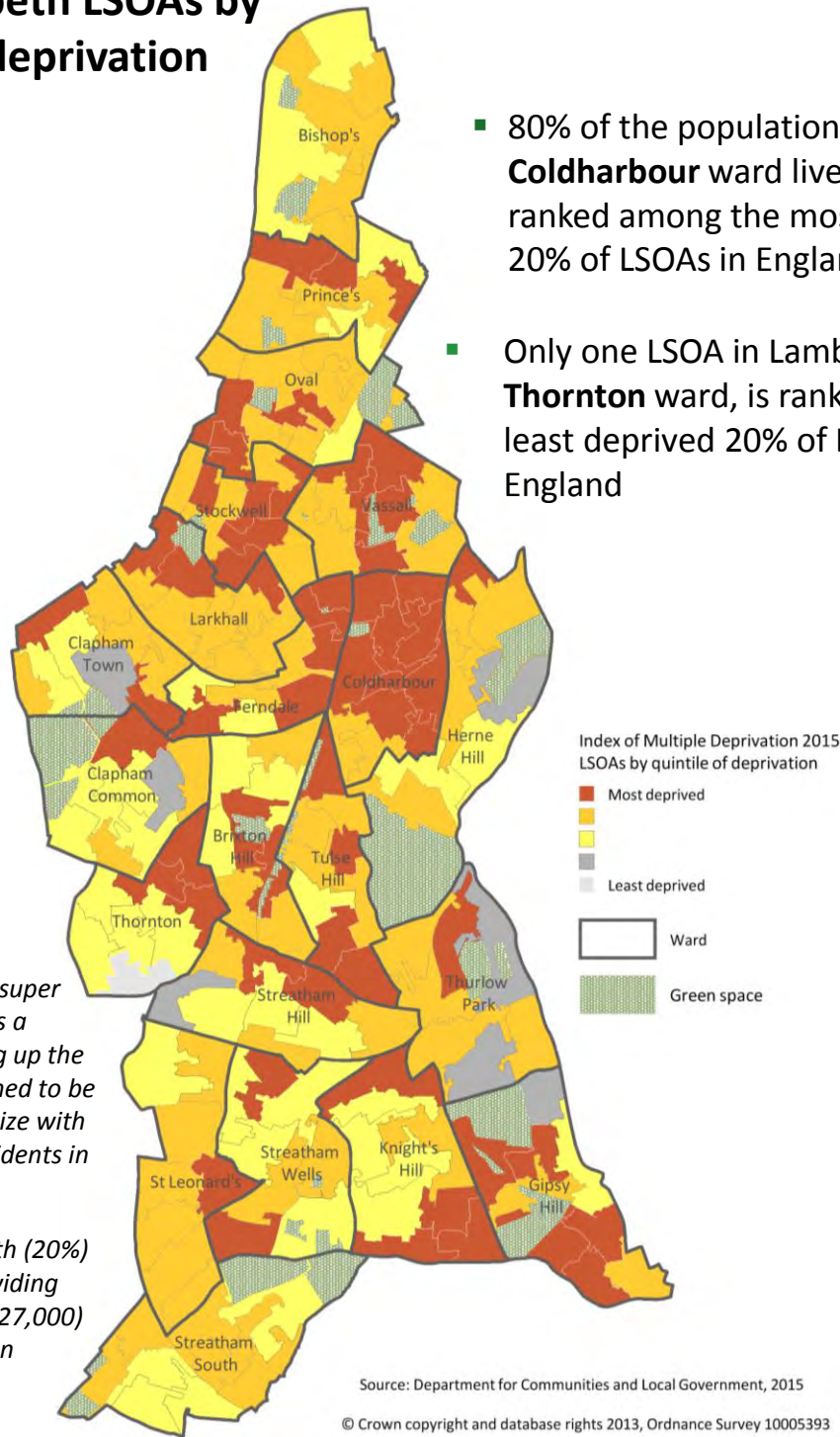


Source: GLA, 2015 round, trend based ethnic group projections, long-term migration scenario (Nov 2016 release)

Index of multiple deprivation (IMD) 2015

- The Index of multiple deprivation (IMD) measures the level of deprivation in small areas of geography known as ‘lower-layer super output areas’ (LSOA)* in England and ranks each LSOA (about 1,500) people according to how deprived it is compared to the others.

Map of Lambeth LSOAs by quintile* of deprivation



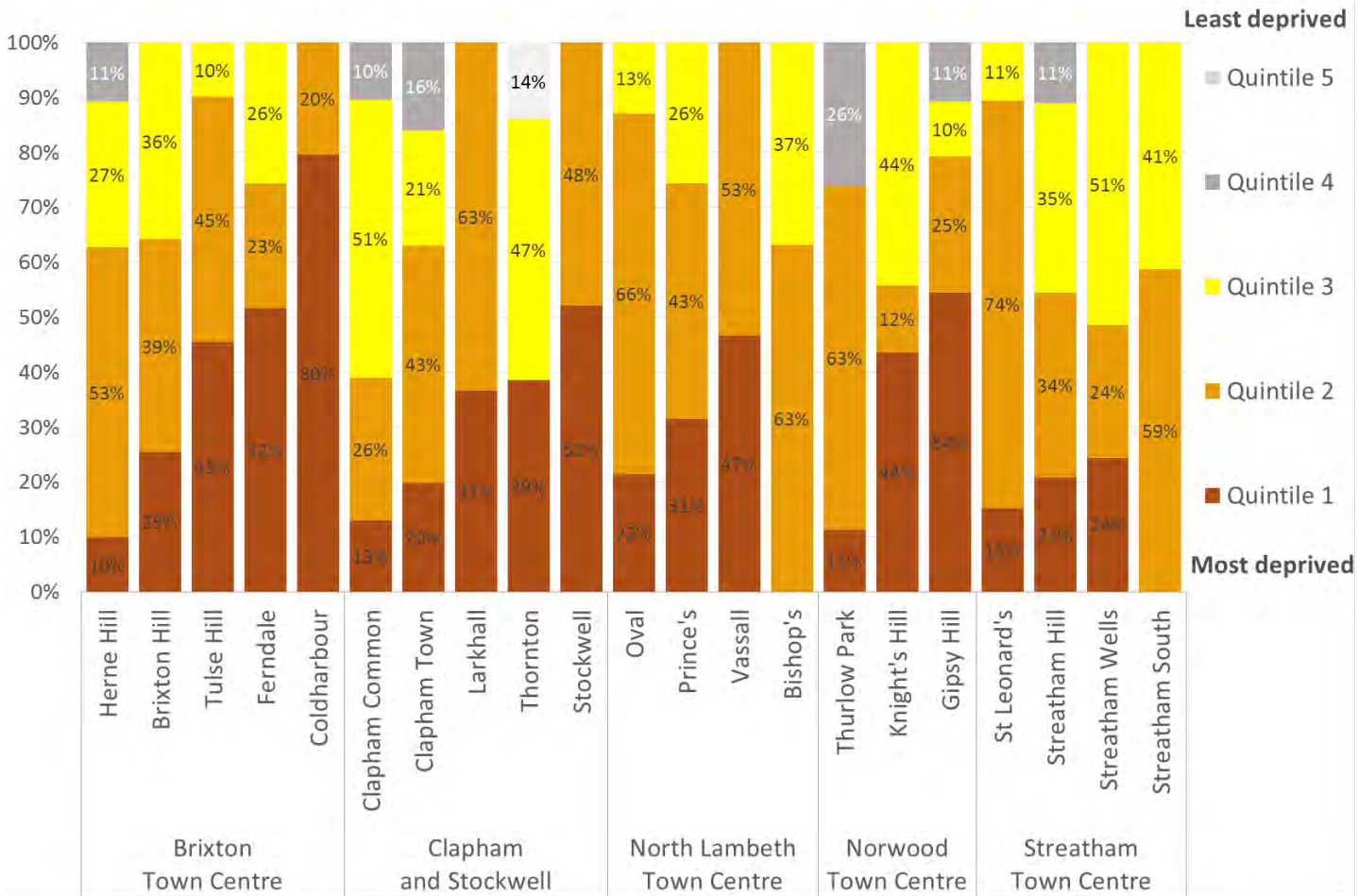
**The use of lower-layer super output areas (LSOAs) is a standard way of dividing up the country. They are designed to be of a similar population size with an average of 1,500 residents in each*

**a quintile denotes a fifth (20%) of the population. By dividing the population whole (327,000) into five quintiles, we can compare them*

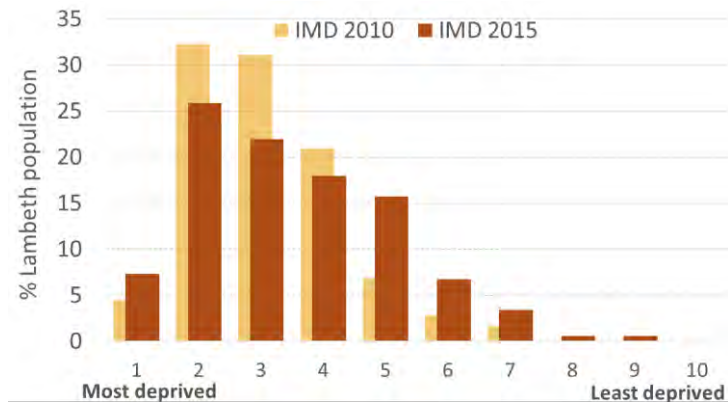
Source: Department for Communities and Local Government, 2015
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Deprivation

- **Nearly one third (31%)** of the population of Lambeth live in LSOAs ranked within the 20% most deprived areas in England
- Coldharbour is the area with most deprivation in Lambeth
- Streatham South is the area with the least deprivation

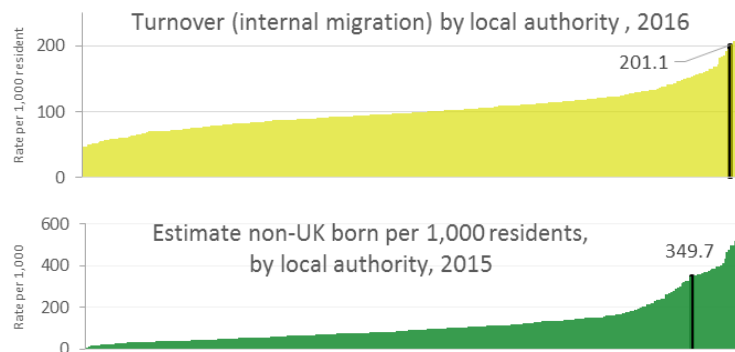


- Relative deprivation in Lambeth has changed between 2010 and 2015
- In 2015, there are more people in areas with the greatest deprivation (decile 1)
- At the same time, there are a greater number of people living in areas at the less deprived end of the spectrum (deciles 5-9) than in 2010.

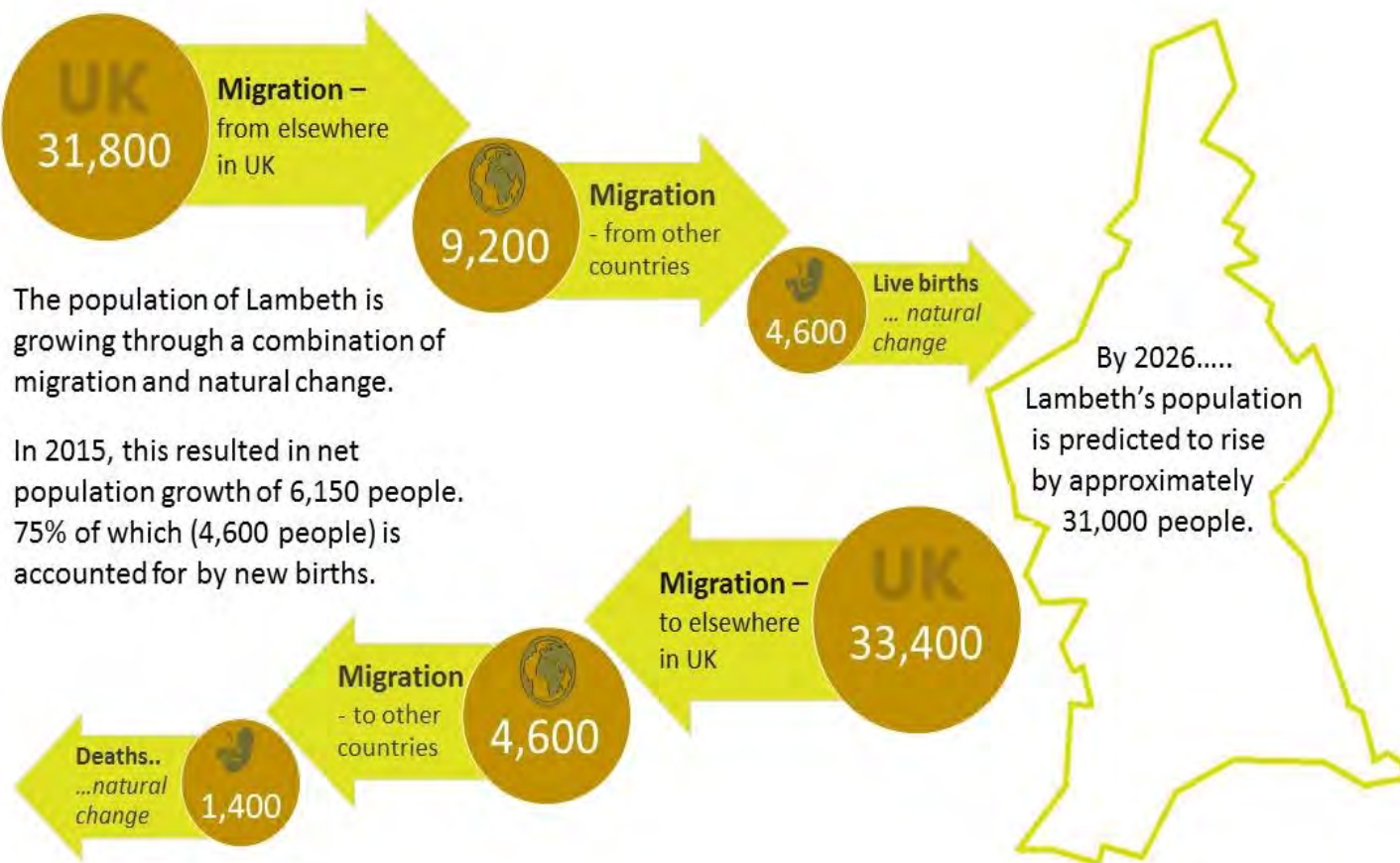


Migration and population change

- The UK has a high rate of internal migration compared to other European countries, with an average of 3.5% of it's population moving each year.
- The charts opposite show internal migration and an estimate of non-UK born for each local authority in England (326); Lambeth is highlighted
- Lambeth has the **fourth** highest turnover of residents in England
- Lambeth is ranked **28** in England, for the estimate of non-UK born persons, per 1,000 residents



Components of population change



Source: ONS migration indicators, 2015, PCMD, PCBF.